# Academic Council 25/05/2011 Item No. 4.91



### **Diploma in Computer Programming Syllabus** (Credit, Grade and Semester System) To be introduced from the Academic Year 2011 – 2012

The credits earned by the learner in the duration of the one year Diploma programme in Computer Programming are shown in the following Table. Eligibility to this programme is 10+2 or its equivalent. A student can opt for any number of modules (module means theory plus practical of a unit) provided the prerequisites each module have been fulfilled. Credits of this course are transferable to B.Sc. Computer Science. Transfer of credits could be extended to any other subject or discipline subject to the approval of the relevant BOS. Fees to this course would be charged at the rate Rs. 1000/- per module, and Rs. 10000/- for students who will take admission for one year (i.e., all four courses or 12 modules together). Certificate of completion will be awarded to students completing a course of 3 units.

Year	Sem	Cou	rse I	Cou	rse II	Cour	se III	Cou	rse IV	Total
		Th	Pr	Th	Pr	Th	Pr	Th	Pr	
	Ι	2	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	6
1	II	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	1	6
Total			3		3		3		3	12

Per course per week					
1 lecture/period is 48 minutes duration					
	Theory	Practical	Tutorial		
Actual contact	3	3	3		
Credits	2	1	-		

## Name of the Programme: Diploma in Computer Programming (Duration: Two Semesters)

	SEMESTER I	
Course Cod	e Title	Credits
	THEORY	
DCP 101	FOUNDATIONS OF PROGRAMMING	2 Credits (45 lectures )
Unit I	Programming logic:	15 lectures
(No pre-	Introduction to Scratch, developing Scratch projects for	
requisite)	diverse applications	2
	Mathematical /algebraic problem solving:	
	Use of flowcharts, introduction to sequential, selection and	
	iterative structures	3
	Introduction to imperative programming (IP) using Python	10
Unit II	Functional programming (FP):	15 lectures
(No pre-	What is FP?, Lambda calculus, recursion	6
requisite)	Problem solving using FP, comparison of FP with IP	9
Unit III	Sorting and searching algorithms:	15 lectures
(Pre-	Developing the logic for various search and sort techniques	9
requisite:	Complexity analysis of an algorithm, comparison of	
Unit I / II)	different searching and sorting algorithms	6
DCP 102	FOSS AND SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING	2 Credits (45 lectures)
Unit I	Introduction to Free and Open Source Software (FOSS):	15 lectures
(No pre-	What is FOSS? Why and how to contribute to FOSS?	2
requisite)	Introduction to Linux:	
	Linux distributions, installation	3
	Elementary system commands and system administration	7
	Introduction to Emacs / vi	3
Unit II	Sage for Mathematical computations:	15 lectures
	Introduction to Sage	2
	Using Sage for computing sets, functions, relations,	
	graphs, matrices, systems of simultaneous equations,	
	counting	8
	Computing Minimum spanning tree, shortest path and TSP	5
Unit III	Statistical computing and Open Office:	15 lectures
(No pre-	Overview of probability, distribution functions, correlation	
requisite)	and regression, statistical significance	4
	LPP, transportation and assignment problem, job	_
	scheduling, CPM	5
	Introduction to Open Office, Use of spreadsheet	
	applications for statistical computing	6

DCPPG1	PRACTICAL	2 Credits
	IMPERATIVE AND FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING	। ५ इ
Unit I P	Imperative programming practice:	15 periods
	Walking-talking cat in Scratch	2
	Modify a Scratch project	3
	Simulate a calculator in Python	1
	Generate / test prime numbers in Python	2
	Simulate a sound generator in Python	5
	Generate a word-doc vector of a text database	2
Unit II P	Functional programming practice:	15 periods
	Compute GCD	2
	Generate / test prime numbers	2
	Generate Fibonacci sequence	1
	Reverse a list	2
	Check if palindrome	2
	Bubble sort, Quick sort	2, 2
	Linear search	2
	Program analysis practice:	15 periods
	Comparison of sorting algorithms:	
Unit III P	selection sort, bubble sort, insertion sort and quicksort	8
	Comparison of searching algorithms:	
	linear search, binary search and hash search	7
	FOSS AND SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING	I
	Practice FOSS tools:	15 periods
	Use and contribute to wiki	2
Unit IV P	Linux installation (demonstration)	2
	Linux commands practice: e.g., login, logout, passwd, init,	
	du; clear, date, df; mkdir, rmdir, cd, mv, cp, rm, ps,; !!, tar,	
	ping, talk, stty, locate, pwd; head, tail, more, grep, man	8
	Elementary editing in Emacs / vi: Creation, saving and	
	retrieval of a document, move cursor / screen, type, copy,	
	delete character / word / line; use of search and help	3
Unit V P	Practice Sage environment:	15 periods
	Set operations	1
	Operations on functions and relations	2
	Operations on matrices	2
	Compute permutations and combinations	1
	Sage and / or Python:	
	Solve a system of simultaneous equations	3
	Compute minimum spanning tree	3
	Compute shortest path	3
Unit VI P	Practice Open Office:	15 periods
	Writer, Calc, Impress and Draw	4
	Develop spreadsheet applications for probability	
	computations, correlation and regression, plot distribution	_
	characteristics and analyis	5
	Mini project (any one): Develop a software for solving	
	LPP, transportation problem, assignment problem, job	
	sequencing, computing critical path	6

	SEMESTER II	
DCP 201	DATA STRUCTURES	2 Credits (45 lectures)
Unit I	Data structures and their implementations:	15 lectures
PR: 101.1	Lists, stacks, queues, trees and graphs	5
	Introduction to C programming	10
Unit II	Data structures in operating systems:	15 lectures
PR: 201.1	Study/simulate data structures involved in	
and 202.1	i. Round robin scheduling	1
	ii. Priority pre-emptive scheduling	5
	iii. Garbage collection	9
Unit III	Design of data structures for diverse applications:	15 lectures
PR: 201.2	1. Text Lineification and pattern searching	5
	11. Equation solver	3
	111. Simulation of games such as tic-tac-toe, antaksnari,	7
DCD 2124	KIIO-KIIOKIIO, CIICKEL	/ 2 Credita (15 Leaturea)
DCP 212A	UPERATING SYSTEMS: A CASE STUDY	2 Credits (45 Lectures)
$\mathbf{DR} \cdot 101 1$	History and evolution of OS	15 lectures
1 K. 101.1	Operating systems – functions and structures	$\frac{2}{3}$
	Information management process management and	5
	resource scheduling memory management	9
Unit II	System calls shell commands:	15 lectures
PR:	What is a system call and how it works, challenges in	15 10000105
212A.1	designing a system call, tracing code of some system calls.	
	For example, sys exit, sys fork, sys read, sys write,	
	sys_open, sys_close, sys_sched_get_priority_max	10
	Introduction to Linux shells, Writing and executing shell	
	scripts. For example, to display date, time, data from a file	5
Unit III	Advanced topics:	15 lectures
PR:212A.2	Linux system security and administration – create, monitor	
	and kill processes, modify process priority, manage file	
	ownership, file access and control to access to the files,	
	create partitions and file systems, mount-unmount, boot-	
	shutdown-reboot, creating and maintaining user accounts,	
	logs, data backup	10
DODATAD	Comparison between Linux and Windows	5
DCP 212B	CREATION AND MAINTENANCE OF E-CONTENT	2 Credits (45 Lectures)
Unit I	Information and Communication Technologies:	
No Pre-	concept, importance, meaning and nature of information	2
requisite	Scope of ICT in Education Using internet	2
	communication facilities like browsers search engines	
	e-mail chat conferencing e-databases blogs wiki	
	forums news social networks etc. in teaching-learning	
	research and publications	8
	Challenges in implementing information and	, č
	communication technologies in education	2
	Learning Content Management System: Moodle	3
	<u> </u>	

Unit II	Computer Basics and Content Creation in Moodle:	
PR:	Computer - definition and structure; hardware (keyboard,	
212B.1	mouse, scanner, microphone, digital camera, monitor,	
	printer, speaker, screen image projector, hard disk, CD and	
	DVD mass storage devices): software (OS and application	
	software)	6
	Model: Installation introduction to the Model operating	0
	anying month and a course organize recourses and	
	environment, create a course, organize resources and	
	content development, create a website, collaborative	
	versus individual learning facilities: forum, quiz, blog, etc.,	
	database maintenance, grade-book and evaluation support	
	in Moodle	9
Unit III	More tools for e-content creation:	
PR:	Introduction to Azure, Shareaza, DC++ for content sharing	2
212B.2	Introduction to Drupal, Jumla, comparison with Moodle	4
	Legal and ethical issues - copyright, hacking netiquette, etc.,	
	security and auditing issues	2
	Introduction to scripting languages	5
	Component content management system. Web content	
	management system	2
		-
USCSPG2	PRACTICAL	2 Credits
	DATA STRUCTURES	
Unit I D	Drogramming in C.	15 pariods
UIIIII		
Unit	Hello world, simple calculator	15 periods
Umtir	Hello world, simple calculator Find max / min of a given list	15 periods 1 1
	Hello world, simple calculator Find max / min of a given list Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1.n2)	1 1 1
Unitif	Hello world, simple calculator Find max / min of a given list Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2) Simulate the following data structures	1 1 1 1
	Hello world, simple calculator Find max / min of a given list Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2) Simulate the following data structures i List	1 1 1 2
	Find max / min of a given list Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2) Simulate the following data structures i. List ii. Doubly linked list	1 1 1 2 2
	<ul> <li><u>Frogramming in C</u>.</li> <li>Hello world, simple calculator</li> <li>Find max / min of a given list</li> <li>Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)</li> <li>Simulate the following data structures</li> <li>i. List</li> <li>ii. Doubly linked list</li> <li>iii. Stack</li> </ul>	1 1 1 2 2
	Hello world, simple calculator Find max / min of a given list Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2) Simulate the following data structures i. List ii. Doubly linked list iii. Stack	1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1
	<ul> <li><u>Frogramming in C</u>.</li> <li>Hello world, simple calculator</li> <li>Find max / min of a given list</li> <li>Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)</li> <li>Simulate the following data structures</li> <li>i. List</li> <li>ii. Doubly linked list</li> <li>iii. Stack</li> <li>iv. Two-way stack</li> </ul>	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	<ul> <li><u>Frogramming in C</u>.</li> <li>Hello world, simple calculator</li> <li>Find max / min of a given list</li> <li>Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)</li> <li>Simulate the following data structures</li> <li>i. List</li> <li>ii. Doubly linked list</li> <li>iii. Stack</li> <li>iv. Two-way stack</li> <li>v. Queue</li> </ul>	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2
	<ul> <li><u>Frogramming in C</u>.</li> <li>Hello world, simple calculator</li> <li>Find max / min of a given list</li> <li>Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)</li> <li>Simulate the following data structures</li> <li>i. List</li> <li>ii. Doubly linked list</li> <li>iii. Stack</li> <li>iv. Two-way stack</li> <li>v. Queue</li> <li>vi. Complete binary tree</li> </ul>	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1
	<ul> <li>Frogramming in C.</li> <li>Hello world, simple calculator</li> <li>Find max / min of a given list</li> <li>Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)</li> <li>Simulate the following data structures <ol> <li>List</li> <li>Doubly linked list</li> <li>Stack</li> <li>Two-way stack</li> <li>Queue</li> <li>Complete binary tree</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2
	<ul> <li>Hello world, simple calculator</li> <li>Find max / min of a given list</li> <li>Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)</li> <li>Simulate the following data structures <ol> <li>List</li> <li>Doubly linked list</li> <li>Stack</li> <li>Two-way stack</li> <li>Queue</li> <li>Complete binary tree</li> <li>Binary search tree</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1
Unit II P	<ul> <li><u>Frogramming in C</u>.</li> <li>Hello world, simple calculator</li> <li>Find max / min of a given list</li> <li>Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)</li> <li>Simulate the following data structures <ol> <li>List</li> <li>Doubly linked list</li> <li>Stack</li> <li>Two-way stack</li> <li>Queue</li> <li>Complete binary tree</li> <li>Binary search tree</li> <li>Precedence graphs</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Unit II P	<ul> <li><u>Programming in C</u>.</li> <li>Hello world, simple calculator</li> <li>Find max / min of a given list</li> <li>Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)</li> <li>Simulate the following data structures <ol> <li>List</li> <li>Doubly linked list</li> <li>Stack</li> <li>Two-way stack</li> <li>Queue</li> <li>Complete binary tree</li> <li>Binary search tree</li> <li>Precedence graphs</li> </ol> </li> <li>Simulation of OS data structures (in C / Python): Round robin queue</li> </ul>	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 5 periods 1
Unit II P	<ul> <li><u>Programming in C</u>.</li> <li>Hello world, simple calculator</li> <li>Find max / min of a given list</li> <li>Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)</li> <li>Simulate the following data structures <ol> <li>List</li> <li>Doubly linked list</li> <li>Stack</li> <li>Two-way stack</li> <li>Queue</li> <li>Complete binary tree</li> <li>Binary search tree</li> <li>Precedence graphs</li> </ol> </li> <li><u>Simulation of OS data structures (in C / Python)</u>: Round robin queue</li> <li>Priority pre-emptive queue (2 priority criteria)</li> </ul>	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 5 periods 1 6
Unit II P	Programming in C.Hello world, simple calculatorFind max / min of a given listFunctions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)Simulate the following data structuresi.Listii.Doubly linked listiii.Stackv.Queuevi.Complete binary treevii.Binary search treeviii.Precedence graphsSimulation of OS data structures (in C / Python):Round robin queuePriority pre-emptive queue (2 priority criteria)Grbage collection techniques (2 algorithms)	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 5 periods 1 6 8
Unit II P	<ul> <li><u>Programming in C</u>.</li> <li>Hello world, simple calculator</li> <li>Find max / min of a given list</li> <li>Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)</li> <li>Simulate the following data structures <ol> <li>List</li> <li>Doubly linked list</li> <li>Stack</li> <li>Two-way stack</li> <li>Two-way stack</li> <li>Queue</li> <li>Complete binary tree</li> <li>Binary search tree</li> <li>Precedence graphs</li> </ol> </li> <li>Simulation of OS data structures (in C / Python): Round robin queue</li> <li>Priority pre-emptive queue (2 priority criteria) Grbage collection techniques (2 algorithms)</li> </ul>	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 5 periods 1 1 6 8 8 1 1 5 periods 1 6 8 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1
Unit II P Unit III P	Programming in C.         Hello world, simple calculator         Find max / min of a given list         Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)         Simulate the following data structures         i.       List         ii.       Doubly linked list         iii.       Stack         iv.       Two-way stack         v.       Queue         vi.       Complete binary tree         vii.       Binary search tree         viii.       Precedence graphs         Simulation of OS data structures (in C / Python):         Round robin queue         Priority pre-emptive queue (2 priority criteria)         Grbage collection techniques (2 algorithms)	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 5 periods 1 6 8 1 5 periods
Unit II P Unit III P	<ul> <li><u>Frogramming in C</u>.</li> <li>Hello world, simple calculator</li> <li>Find max / min of a given list</li> <li>Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)</li> <li>Simulate the following data structures <ol> <li>List</li> <li>Doubly linked list</li> <li>Stack</li> <li>Two-way stack</li> <li>Queue</li> <li>Complete binary tree</li> <li>Binary search tree</li> <li>Precedence graphs</li> </ol> </li> <li>Simulation of OS data structures (in C / Python): Round robin queue</li> <li>Priority pre-emptive queue (2 priority criteria)</li> <li>Grbage collection techniques (2 algorithms)</li> </ul>	15 periods 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 5 periods 1 6 8 1 5 periods 2
Unit II P Unit III P	Programming in C.Hello world, simple calculatorFind max / min of a given listFunctions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)Simulate the following data structuresi.Listii.Doubly linked listiii.Stackiv.Two-way stackv.Queuevi.Complete binary treevii.Binary search treeviii.Precedence graphsSimulation of OS data structures (in C / Python):Round robin queuePriority pre-emptive queue (2 priority criteria)Grbage collection techniques (2 algorithms)Software development in C / Python:Line beautifierSubstring searching	15 periods 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 5 periods 1 6 8 1 5 periods 2 3
Unit II P Unit III P	Frogramming m.C.         Hello world, simple calculator         Find max / min of a given list         Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)         Simulate the following data structures         i. List         ii. Doubly linked list         iii. Stack         iv. Two-way stack         v. Queue         vi. Complete binary tree         vii. Binary search tree         viii. Precedence graphs         Simulation of OS data structures (in C / Python):         Round robin queue         Priority pre-emptive queue (2 priority criteria)         Grbage collection techniques (2 algorithms)         Software development in C / Python:         Line beautifier         Substring searching         Equation solver	15 periods 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 5 periods 1 6 8 1 5 periods 2 3 2
Unit II P Unit III P	Frogramming m.C.         Hello world, simple calculator         Find max / min of a given list         Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)         Simulate the following data structures         i. List         ii. Doubly linked list         iii. Stack         iv. Two-way stack         v. Queue         vi. Complete binary tree         vii. Binary search tree         viii. Precedence graphs         Simulation of OS data structures (in C / Python):         Round robin queue         Priority pre-emptive queue (2 priority criteria)         Grbage collection techniques (2 algorithms)         Software development in C / Python:         Line beautifier         Substring searching         Equation solver         Mini project (in C / Python):	15 periods 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 5 periods 1 6 8 1 5 periods 2 3 2
Unit II P Unit III P	Frogramming m.C.         Hello world, simple calculator         Find max / min of a given list         Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)         Simulate the following data structures         i. List         ii. Doubly linked list         iii. Stack         iv. Two-way stack         v. Queue         vi. Complete binary tree         vii. Binary search tree         viii. Precedence graphs         Simulation of OS data structures (in C / Python):         Round robin queue         Priority pre-emptive queue (2 priority criteria)         Grbage collection techniques (2 algorithms)         Software development in C / Python:         Line beautifier         Substring searching         Equation solver         Mini project (in C / Python):         Simulation of data structures involved in a game	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1
Unit II P Unit III P	Programming m.C.         Hello world, simple calculator         Find max / min of a given list         Functions factorial (n) / swap(n1,n2)         Simulate the following data structures         i. List         ii. Doubly linked list         iii. Stack         iv. Two-way stack         v. Queue         vi. Complete binary tree         vii. Binary search tree         viii. Precedence graphs         Simulation of OS data structures (in C / Python):         Round robin queue         Priority pre-emptive queue (2 priority criteria)         Grbage collection techniques (2 algorithms)         Software development in C / Python:         Line beautifier         Substring searching         Equation solver         Mini project (in C / Python):         Simulation of data structures involved in a game         (For example, tic-tac-toe, antakshari, kho-khokho)	15 periods 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 5 periods 1 6 8 1 15 periods 2 3 2 8

OPERATING SYSTEM: A CASE STUDY				
Unit IV P	Practice:	15 periods		
	Linux installation	3		
	Customization of vi:			
	i. Abbreviations and mapping keys to other keys	2		
	ii. EXINIT and .exrc	4		
	iii. Version control system (SCCS, variants)	2		
	iv. File recovery from temporary copy	1		
	Comparison of different Linux distributions	3		
Unit V P	Understanding source code:	15 periods		
	Trace, understand and re-document the source code of			
	(any four) system calls	8		
	Write shell scripts for			
	i. Display time and date	1		
	ii. List the files / directories that have a given			
	string pattern in filenames / contents	3		
	iii. Create a file by copying a selected portion			
	(condition given) from an existing file	3		
Unit VI P	Playing with source code:	15 periods		
	Modify password criteria	1		
	Customize copy command	1		
	Write own file compression	3		
	Write own text line beautifier	2		
	Mini project:			
	Study a class of functions related to a task of an OS. For			
	example, user accounts management and security, file and			
	device management, process management and memory			
	management. Trace the source code, re-document it.			
	Compare their functionality in Linux and MS-Windows.			
	Suggest possibilities of modifications and try a few of			
	them. Report your experience.	8		
	CREATION AND MAINTENANCE OF E-CONTENT			
Unit IV P,	Project:	45 periods		
V P and	Create multi-media and interactive e-contents of 10			
VI P	instructional hours in any subject of your choice and			
	integrate it into an LMS. Make it sharable under FOSS			

Allocation of time per credit: 1 Credit = 30 to 40 hours

Total contact hours: 468 hours per Semester i.e. 936 hours per year

Ratio of instruction: Self study :- (i) Theory - 1:1, (ii) Practical - 4:1

The time duration per credit is divided into two parts:

- 1. Approximately fifty percent of the time will be spent on classroom instruction including practical as prescribed by the University.
- 2. Rest of the time spent as notional hours (30-40 hrs/credit)

(Notional Hours: Module to be selected as per the Department requirements.) Following are a few activities that have been suggested with the following objectives:

- i. To facilitate the students in making progress through collaborative learning
- ii. To enhance their event management skills
- iii. To inculcate the value: Help society while you learn more
- iv. To promote career building and earning

#### Activities:

- i. Conducting Scratch workshops for junior college and high school students and teachers of disciplines other than CS
- ii. Organizing Scratch project contests to model a logical solution for non-mathematical problems (like developing a game or a dialogue, in order to accomplish a goal in an activity)
- iii. Test for modeling small problems using the functional approach
- iv. Presenting the performance of different algorithms on real life (primary, secondary) and simulated datasets
- v. Seminar on "career opportunities for Linux and FOSS users / programmers"
- vi. Sage workshop in collaboration with IITB and participation in Sage sprints
- vii. Presentation of mini projects
- viii. Programming contest
- ix. Mini project contest
- x. OS utilities demonstration sessions
- xi. Quiz on all aspects that have been studied and their relevance in the current context
- xii. Workshop / seminar in collaboration with MLUG

#### **Credit Assignment:**

#### Semester I :

Course	Learning Hours(h) Credits Lectures (L)		Learning Hours(h) Lectures (L)		redits
	Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
I (DCP 101)	45 L = 36 h	-	2	-	
I (DCPP 101)	-	45 L = 36 h	-	1	
II (DCP 102)	45 L = 36 h	-	2	-	
II (DCPP 102)	-	45 L = 36 h	-	1	
Total / Semester: 90 L = 72 h			4	2	

#### Semester II :

Course	Learning Ho Lectures	ours (h) (L)	Credits	
	Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical
I (DCP 201)	45 L = 36 h	-	2	-
I (DCPP 201)	-	45 L = 36 h	-	1
II (DCP 212A / 212B)	45 L = 36 h	-	2	-
II (DCPP 212A / 212B)	-	45 L = 36 h	-	1
Total / Semester	90 L = 72 h	90 L = 72 h	4	2
Grand Total / Year	180 L = 144 h	180 L = 144 h	8	4

#### Scheme of Examination:

The performance of the learners shall be evaluated into two parts. The learner's performance shall be assessed by Internal Assessment with 40% marks in the first part and by conducting the Semester End Examinations with 60% marks in the second part. The allocation of marks for the Internal Assessment and Semester End Examinations are as shown below:-

- 1. **Internal Assessment**: It is defined as the assessment of the learners on the basis of continuous evaluation as envisaged in the Credit based system by way of participation of learners in various academic and correlated activities in the given semester of the programme.
- 2. **Semester End Assessment** : It is defined as the assessment of the learners on the basis of Performance in the semester end Theory/ written/ Practical examination.

#### Modality of Assessment :

A) Internal Assessment - 40%

#### i. Theory (DCP 101, DCP 102, DCP 201 and DCP 212A / DCP 212B) 40 marks

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	Two assignments/case study/project	20
2	One class test (multiple choice questions objective)	10
3	Active participation in routine class instructional deliveries(quiz/ seminars	05
	/presentation)	
4	Overall conduct as a responsible student, manners, skill in articulation, leadership qualities demonstrated through organizing co-curricular activities, etc.	05

20 marks

#### ii. Practical (DCPPG1 and DCPPG2)

Sr No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	Achievements in modeling, programming,	10
	demonstration contests	
2	Practical assignments and Journal /Project	05
3	Viva	05

#### B) External examination - 60 %

#### i. Semester End Theory Assessment (DCP 101, DCP 102, DCP 201 and DCP 212A / DCP 212B) 60 marks

- i. Duration These examinations shall be of two hours duration.
- ii. Theory question paper pattern :-
  - 1. There shall be four questions each of 15 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth one will be based on the entire syllabus.
  - 2. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions. Each question will be of 20 to 23 marks with options.
  - 3. Depending upon the distribution of the topics in the Units, there could be sub questions (maximum 5) within a question

#### ii. Semester End Practical Assessment ((DCPPG1 and DCPPG2) 20 marks

Each practical will be conducted out of 30 marks. A student has to attempt a question (or combination of questions) that comprises of the following types: (i) Trace a given code and document it; write the objective of the code. (ii) Trace the given code in the context of the given objective; fix the bug if any. (iii) Develop a code for a given objective.

#### **Books and References**

DCP 101:

- 1. Scratch 1.4:Beginner's Guide, M. Badger, Packt
- 2. Head First Python, P. Barry, Shroff
- 3. Introduction to Functional Programming using Haskell, R. Bird, Prentice Hall
- 4. Practical Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science (Ch. 1..12 and 14), J. Campbell et al., The Pragmatic Programmers
- 5. How to Solve it by Computer (Ch. 1..5), R.G. Dromey, Pearson
- 6. Think Python: How to think like a computer scientist, A. B. Downey, Open source manuscript in pdf format, book published by Cambridge University Press

#### DCP 102:

- 1. Data Structures and Algorithms, Aho, Ullman, Hopcroft, Addison-Wesley
- 2. The C Programming Language, Kernighan and Ritchie, Prentice-Hall
- 3. http://www.linux-tutorial.info/modules.php?name=MContent&pageid=310
- 4. \*Algorithms + Data structures = Programs, Niklaus Wirth, PHI
- 5. \*Operating Systems: Design and Implementation, A.S. Tanenbaum et al., Prentice-Hall

DCP 201:

- 1. The Cartoon guide to statistics, L.Gonick, W. Smith et al., Barnes and Noble
- 2. Discrete Mathematical Structures, Kolman and Busby, Pearson
- 3. Introduction to Operations Research, Hillier and Lieberman, McGraw-Hill
- 4. http://fperez.org/talks/0811\_baypig\_scipy.pdf
- 5. http://www.sagemath.org/doc/tutorial/
- 6. http://www.tutorialsforopenoffice.org/

DCP 212A:

- 1. Operating Systems, Achyut Godbole, MGH
- 2. Linux Kernel Development, Robert Love, Sams
- 3. \*Modern Operating Systems, Andrew Tanenbaum, Pearson
- 4. <u>http://www.linuxtraining.co.uk/download/new\_linux\_course\_modules.pdf</u>

DCP 212B

- 1. Moodle 1.9 E-Learning Course Development: A complete guide to successful learning using Moodle, William Rice, Shroff
- 2. Moodle 1.9 Teaching Techniques, Susan Smith Nash and William Rice, Packt
- 3. http://moodle.org/

"\*' indicates 'reference books'